

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 10, 1855.

MENSCHIKOFF.—The gallant defender of Sebastopol, who, by his brilliant exploits, his unpretending modesty, and the circumstantial truthfulness of his dispatches, excited the admiration of all Christendom, seems to have sunk into oblivion. His name is heard no more on the lips of the admiring multitude, and his fame appears to have passed away with the acts that he performed. For a time the world believed him dead; it was said that he died of disease at Simpheropol, yet the omission to note the time or to state the disease cast doubt upon the statement. Another account told that he was dangerously wounded, and a report reached us that he had died of his wounds; but the failure of the Court of St. Petersburg to notice the death of so faithful a subject and a General of such distinguished ability rendered the story of his death more than doubtful. Time, that great resolver of all doubts, has proved that the great Russian captain is not dead, though it has not informed us why he was removed from the position that he filled with such distinguished ability. Whether we regard him as the Minister of the Czar at Constantinople, combating France and England in their struggle for obtaining the ascendancy in Turkey through the medium of diplomatic subtlety, or as the master spirit in the defense of Sebastopol, he was ever the same great man—cool, calm, and self-reliant. His conduct of the defense of the great fortress exhibited a succession of almost superhuman exertions, that drew their inspiration from the sources of the most exalted courage, the feelings of the most perfect self-reliance, and a full and unflinching confidence in the spirit and determination of the garrison under his command. In the character of his dispatches there was nothing of bravado; indeed boasting was not one of his qualities, and the only thing in all his official communications that approached it was a sharp sentence in one of his despatches where he said that he would "continue to chastise the Allies day by day for their rashness." In this he kept his word, for certainly he gave them no rest while he remained in command. His night attacks were harassing and gave his enemies no time for repose.

As a general thing, Menschikoff's despatches differed in tone, not only from the one we have instanced, but also from those of the allied Generals. The latter were anything but perfect specimens of military documents. Raglan appears to have constituted himself recording clerk of the weather, his despatches partaking largely of the nature of detailed meteorological and thermometrical reports. Canrobert did up the grandiloquent in the Gascon style, and told frequently not only what he did do, but considerably more than was done, until at last the public viewed with doubt and distrust the intelligence received by telegraph from the Crimea, and waited for the statements to be corroborated by the Russian reports. Menschikoff's reports were plain, brief, unvarnished statements of facts, made up from incidents that occurred upon or related to the battle-field, and they chronicled the reverses of the Russians with fidelity, while victories were described with self-possession and graceful modesty. The statements of Canrobert were often contradicted by the next mail; those of Raglan were not worth remembering; but it was a matter of general remark that information obtained through Russian despatches was always reliable. It is certainly true that the career of Menschikoff did much for the honorable reputation of the Russian arms. Even his enemies admitted his great sagacity, ceaseless activity, and untiring energy. The London Times placed him in the first rank of modern commanders, and used him as a model with which to compare the British Generals, very much to their disparagement. The name of Menschikoff was one of terror to the allies, and was a tower of strength to the Russian cause. It seemed, from the distinctions bestowed upon him after the battle of Balaklava, that his own government shared in the opinions universally entertained outside of Russia, and regarded him as one of the mainstays of the power and glory of the empire.

Considering all these things, the recall of Menschikoff by Nicholas just before the death of the Czar appears to be passing strange, and is not only one of those remarkable acts that excite surprise, but one that all men desire to hear explained. For a time, as we have said, it was believed that he was dead, but this was a delusion; he lives, but whether he exists honored and respected by his Sovereign, or whether he is in disgrace or in exile, is not known; and the fact is one which the world may probably not be informed of until the historian of the Crimean war shall tell what became of the whiplumed hero of Sebastopol.

LIEUT. MAURY "ON SHORE."—The American Farmer for July calls attention to an appeal from Lieut. Maury to farmers, which, if they heed, he says, he is prepared "to submit a plan by which as much may be done for agriculture and the sanitary cause by meteorological co-operation and observations on the land, as has been done by him at sea for commerce and navigation." How "much has been done for commerce and navigation" by Maury's "Charts" and "Sailing Directions," will appear if we refer to President Fillmore's annual message of December, 1851, in which he says of those charts, they have shortened the passage across the Atlantic by forty days, and adds:

The achievements on the sea quietly and gradually effected by Lieut. Maury, although not attracting the admiration of the multitude, nor dazzling the beholder with sudden flashes of triumph, have reflected honor upon himself and his country, have brought remote nations in comparative proximity to each other; have promoted commerce, by pointing out to the mariner new paths on the great deep, where favorable winds and currents lent friendly aid. His "Wind and Current Charts," and "Sailing Directions," are saving millions of money by

shortening the voyages of merchant vessels freighted with treasures. The Secretary of the Treasury, in his last annual report, stated that he had been officially informed, that in a paper read before the British Association last year, it was estimated in India, that "a set of wind and current charts for the Indian ocean, like those that had been constructed for the Atlantic ocean, would produce an annual saving to British commerce, in those seas alone, of not less than \$1,000,000, and to British commerce in all seas \$10,000,000.

In the appeal alluded to, Mr. Maury says:

But this system of research, with its teeming results, is confined to the sea; therefore it may be asked by some farmers, what have we landmen to do with it? I say in reply, that, by extending it to the shore, results altogether as important to landmen may be obtained, and that, too, by means equally as simple and as unexpensive.

The germination of the seed and the growth of the plant are but the display of a meteorological force, the expression of atmospheric laws, which, when rightly understood, cannot fail to confer upon agriculture and the well being of States benefits as signal as the study of the movements of the same grand machine at sea has conferred upon commerce and navigation.

Lieut. Maury has addressed a communication to the American Farmer, detailing the plan of co-operation by which farmers may "put their shoulders to the wheel and help along the undertaking," and giving his views more at large upon the important subject of a uniform system of meteorological observation on land. This communication will appear in the next number of the Farmer.

To the Editors of the Louisville Bulletin:
LETTER FROM TENNESSEE.
STEWART CO., TENN., July 2, 1855.

DEAR JOURNAL: As I am detained here, "between the rivers," as this country is familiarly called, detained by business, and have some leisure, I have concluded to give you a letter on "matters and things."

I left the vicinity of Paducah, Ky., on Thursday morning last, and came by Murray, in Calloway county, Ky., Pine Bluff, on Tennessee river, &c., to where I am now, at the house of an "old resident," one of the first settlers here, and one of the most hospitable men of this most hospitable people. All the way as I came on, the crops were in the most flourishing condition, and should there be sufficient rain the balance of the season this year must be as remarkable for its fruitfulness and plenty as the last was for the reverse. Indeed, I do not recollect ever to have seen such a prospect before in my whole life. The wheat has generally been harvested and well saved, while the quantity raised is fully as large again as usual and the grain fine. The people are going in for small grain hereafter more than they have ever done heretofore. The oat crop is also unusually large and fine, and has commenced ripening. The corn crop is fully as large as it generally is, and in fine condition—well stalked, the fields clean and well plowed, and so green that it looks almost black. The farmers are rapidly "laying by," and a couple of good rains in this month, at the proper time, will completely make it. Of tobacco there is a much smaller crop than usual, owing to planting so much grain, but there is a good stand of plants, which are clean of grass and weeds, and growing off finely.

This country is at once one of the poorest and one of the richest counties in Tennessee. Am I asked to explain this paradox? I reply first that the soil, which generally consists of broken ridges, almost mountains, is among the poorest in the world, while the valleys between are among the richest, producing most luxuriantly and plentifully for him who will cultivate them well; and are watered by the finest springs on earth, and streams clear as crystal making sweet music as the water falls over the rocks, which are here quite plentiful. In the second place, these ridges or hills are almost everywhere full of the richest iron ore, in quantities inexhaustible, and covered with heavy timber, to convert into coal to smelt with; while furnaces are springing up in every direction. And near where I am now, is a site on the Cumberland river most admirably adapted for a rolling mill. It is on the land of Mr. Samuel Downs, at whose house I am now, and who is willing to dispose of it at a fair price. Several thousand acres adjacent can be procured for "coaling" on moderate terms.

In mineral wealth this is therefore one of the richest counties in the State; and there are, I expect, millions of dollars invested in the iron business. The Cumberland Iron Works (rolling mill) are in this county. A lump of native iron was found near here some years ago, weighing twenty-two pounds, so pure and malleable that it was easily worked in a common smith's forge. But this is a rare occurrence.

For the present adieu. VIATOR.

[From the Sauk Rapids Frontiersman.]
A LONG JOURNEY.—An accomplished gentleman of fine scientific attainments arrived here last week, en route by Gov. Stevens's survey, to Fort Union on the Missouri river, 719 miles from this place. He makes the journey solitary and alone. We know not whether to be most astonished or amused at his recital of the singular mode he had adopted for performing the trip. He took no supplies whatever with him, but relies on his gun for subsistence through the route. His entire outfit consists of a gun, ammunition, blank books, pen, paper, and scientific instruments. He travels on foot, and draws his meager outfit in a small hand-cart, with his own hand. In this unique mode of traveling, he believed he could better acquaint himself with the topography of the country, the soil, and its geological characteristics, than, were he accompanied, as is usually the case in such expeditions, by a retinue of *compagnons du voyage*.

Undisturbed and untrammelled, he proposes by himself to make a thorough examination of this interesting region of country, transferring to his books as he proceeds in *minute* the result of his observations. The enterprise is worthy of Audubon in his palmy days, when he traversed the wild haunts of Texas, rejoicing in the songs of birds, his dearest companions. We were charmed with the courage and enthusiasm of the man. He is yet a young man, but evidently belongs to that class of scholars whose enthusiasm for the acquisition of natural science and new information inspires them with the courage to encounter every difficulty and brave every danger.

In these mercenary times we meet with few such, and when we do we cannot but look upon them as adventurous spirits of lofty impulses, divinely commissioned for the purpose of adding through toil and danger to the fund of human knowledge, and thence to the aggregate of human happiness.

At any rate, but few have the resolution to venture so far. But having crossed the river just opposite town, and drawn his little cart fairly upon the spot from which Gov. Stevens commenced his survey, he bid us a hearty good bye, and started off with a light heart. Over the bluff, away over the prairie, he was soon out of sight.

Altogether it was an interesting occurrence.

The man polished in manner and mind, the object of the journey—the mode in which to be made—it being over the famous survey, starting at a point precisely of town—all made the occasion one of more ordinary interest. We learned little of friend's history. He was, apart from his well-fitted for the enterprise he courageously undertook. He has lived the Indian, and with him hunted the buffalo, traversed the prairie; and always happy, whether in the midst of the plain, at the foot of the moss-grown oak in the forest, or on the bank of the brook and river.

HOT WEATHER.—BEWARE OF EXCESS.
The delay of hot weather renders caution all more necessary now that it has come. Statistics show that the largest number of deaths from prudence happen when a cold spell is succeeded by one of intense heat; and the result is that people, feeling the change acute, thoughtlessly risk their health in the effort to get cool. A laborer becomes over-heated, rushes to the hydrant, drinks cold water to excess, and perishes in a few hours. Another person seeks relief in juleps, cobbles, and other miscellany called "cooling drinks," and the result is increased excitement of the brain, instead of diminished action there, often followed by sudden death. A third is tempted by fresh fruit, an either eats too much or that which is not ripe, and he too pays for his indiscretion with his life. A fourth, fifth, and sixth violate the laws of health in some other way, and are prostrated by illness, if not swept into the grave. And so it goes, to the end of the chapter.

The virtue of temperance, at this period of the season, cannot be inculcated too strongly. We do not mean temperance in the use of distilled or malt liquors only, but temperance in all things, but especially eating, drinking, and work. A surfeit, when the thermometer is at ninety, is almost certain death. Even a slight overloading of the stomach, or the indulgence in some indigestible article of food, often leads to violent cramps, if not to cholera in its worst form. But to eat too little, or to eschew meats or fruits altogether, as some theorists do, is an error only less dangerous. The safest way is to continue the usual diet, whatever that has been, taking care, however, to indulge moderately, that is with temperance. So also with drinking. It is madness to imbibe spirituous liquor in the hope of being cooled; it is folly to injure the digestive organs by excessive indulgence in soda water or ice cream. Nature invariably suffers when attempts are made suddenly to cool a person who is heated. Moderation in all things is indispensable. To jump into a river, to quaff copiously of ice water, or to bring anything else that is cold into sudden contact with the body, when the latter is heated, is trifling with health and life.

Excesses in work are a fertile source of illness and sometimes of death in sultry weather. No man can perform as much labor on a hot day or under a vertical summer sun as he can in winter or under cover. It is not only day laborers who are in jeopardy. Any unusual draft upon the nervous or even muscular system is sure to be felt at the seat of life. A wise man will always economize his strength in the summer. Whoever overworks himself in any way exhausts the nervous power, part of which should have gone to assist the digestion; and the consequence is that when he comes home, fatigued and hungry, to eat a hearty meal, he is struck down by bilious colic, dysentery, or cholera. To throw off the garments when heated and sit in a current of air is a common error, and the seeds of many a consumption have been planted in this way in healthy men. Be temperate in your labors and in your pleasures, in sleeping and in waking, if you would escape the diseases incident to hot weather, and which are so often fatal.—Phil. Ledger.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD COMMON COUNCIL.

JULY 9, 1855.

The Board was convened by order of his Honor, the Mayor, and the following members were present:

Messrs. Dunlap, Reasor, Gailbraith, Zeigler, Weaver, and Haydon.

The following message from the Mayor was presented, but a quorum not being present, the same was laid over till next Thursday evening:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, }
July 9, 1855. }

To the General Council:
GENTLEMEN—As you are aware, the Judge of the Circuit Court has ordered a portion of the General Council to be imprisoned in the jail of Jefferson county for alleged contempt in disobeying the orders of the Circuit Judge in the cases of M. Kean and Nancy Vacaro on application for a mandamus to enforce the granting to them a tavern license with the privilege of selling ardent spirits.

That order of the Circuit Judge directs that such license be granted to M. Kean and Nancy Vacaro. The failure, on the part of some of the members of the General Council, to grant the license as directed, has occasioned their imprisonment, which, by order of the Circuit Judge, is to continue till the license be granted, or until the further order of the Court.

In view of these facts you have been convened for the purpose of taking such steps as to the granting of the license as to you may seem advisable and proper.

Respectfully,
JOHN BARBEE, Mayor.
Whereupon the Board adjourned to meet again on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

ED. COCKE, Clerk.

DETROIT, July 6.

Last evening a crowd of rowdies attacked a negro dance-house in this place, from which a fight ensued, resulting in the death of one girl by a brickbat thrown during the melee. Several persons were wounded. The house was afterwards fired by the crowd and burned down.

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.

Arrived—Madison.

DIED.
In this city, on the morning of the 10th instant, KITTY W., wife of Philip R. Gray, Esq.
The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock, from Christ Church.

BOARDING WANTED.
By a gentleman and lady in a respectable private family between Fifth and Tenth streets. Room furnished or unfurnished. Address J. M., through the Post-office.

Dissolution.
The partnership heretofore existing, under the firm and style of GREEN & STEALEY, in the Tin, Sheet Iron, and Roofing business, was dissolved on the 7th inst. Either of the firm is authorized to settle the business. Those having claims against the concern will please present them, and all persons indebted to said concern will come forward and settle the same.
F. B. GREEN,
July 10—b68j6*

Copartnership.
F. B. GREEN and W. G. RICHARDS have this day formed a copartnership, under the style of GREEN & RICHARDS, for the purpose of carrying on the TIN, SHEET IRON, and ROOFING business, at the old stand of GREEN & STEALEY, on Market street, between First and Second, where they would be pleased to see the old customers of the late firm, and to receive a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed.
July 10, 1855—b68j3m*

FLOUR.
100 bbls extra do
40 bbls extra do
30 bbls Rye do
For sale by
Jy9 j6b
H. FERGUSON & SON,
Corner Fifth and Market sts.

FANS! FANS! FANS!—A fine assortment of the latest styles of Fans may be found at the "Varieties" of MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

THE LADIES will find at the "Varieties" the best collection of Perfumery and Toilet Articles in the city, being the productions of the most celebrated chemists of the day.
Jy9 j6b
MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

GENTLEMEN desiring good Shaving Creams or Soaps, Perfumery, Pomades, Dyes, Razors, Straps, or Brushes and Combs of any kind, may procure them of the best quality at the "Varieties" of MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

PORT-MONIES, PURSES, POCKET-BOOKS, CIGAR Cases, and Dressing and Traveling Cases at MILLER & GOULD'S, 98 Fourth st.

BASKETS! BASKETS! BASKETS!—Every description of Work, Traveling, Market, Fruit, and Fancy Baskets, Cloth Baskets, Chairs, Cradles, Cabs, and Carriages, of our own manufacture.
Jy9 j6b
MILLER & GOULD.

CANE CHAIRS—At the "Varieties," a lot of these favorite Mantillas and Tapes, of the latest styles of Cane Chairs, with and without rockers; S wing and Easy Chairs; Children's High, Arm, Folding, and Nursery Chairs.
Jy9 j6b
MILLER & GOULD, 98 Fourth st.

WILLOW CABS AND CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, and the best in town, at MILLER & GOULD'S, 98 Fourth st.

WE HAVE FOR OUR SALES TO-DAY A LARGE supply of our summer style of Mole-skin and White Beaver Hats.
Jy9 j6b
POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS of every variety and quality at low prices.
Jy9 j6b
POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can purchase their Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods cheaper of POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH than of any other house in the city.
Jy9 j6b

MUSKETO NETS of the very best quality, consisting of—
12-4 do do
12-4 do white do
12-4 do do do
Also common Bars;
Just received and for sale low by
Jy9 j6b
MILLER & TABB, Corner Market and Fourth streets.

LACE MANTILLAS—A few Gimpure and Chantilly Lace Mantillas, of new and beautiful styles, just opened by [Jy9 j6b] MILLER & TABB.

SILK MANTILLAS—We have on hand a few very beautiful white and colored Silk Mantillas, which we will sell at cost in order to close them out.
Jy9 j6b
MILLER & TABB.

ROBES—
Do do Honoured Organdy Robes;
Do do Grenadine do;
Do do Children's do; all for sale low by
Jy9 j6b
MILLER & TABB.

Leslie's Gazette of Fashions for July.
JULY number of this Magazine received by
Jy9 j6b
S. RINGGOLD, Special Agent for Publishers.

Leslie's Fashions for July.
FRANK LESLIE'S GAZETTE OF FASHIONS for July received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
84 Fourth st., near Market.

Putnam for July.
PUTNAM'S Monthly for July received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
F. A. CRUMP, 84 Fourth st., near Market.

THE GREAT FASHION BOOK.
Frank Leslie's Ladies' Gazette of Paris, London, and New York Fashions

Published on the 1st day of every month—price 25 cents, or \$3 per annum—containing all the latest styles of Caps, Bonnets, Head Dresses, Hair Dressing Trimmings, Carriage Riding Habits, Baby's Robes, Promenade Dresses, Carriage Dresses, Evening Dresses, Mourning Dresses, Misses' Costume, Boys' Costume, Fur, beautiful Patterns for Needle Work, Crochet, &c., all splendidly illustrated by nearly 100 engravings and a beautiful colored plate; also a full size paper pattern for a Cloak or other garment in each number.

The literary department of this work is under the superintendence of Mrs. Ann S. Stevens, the author of "Fashion and Family," new piece of Music appears in each part, also articles on Chess, Wax Modeling, and many other interesting subjects. July number just received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
S. RINGGOLD, 66 Fourth st., near Main.

New Books! New Books!
WHICH is the Right or the Left. Price \$1.25.
The English Orphan, or a Home in the New World, by Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, author of Tempest and Sunshine, or Life in Kentucky. 75c.
Bondage of Babel's Pictorial. Vol. 8. Price \$3.
Jy9 j6b
S. RINGGOLD, 66 Fourth st., near Main.

New Books.
WHICH is the Right or the Left. Price \$1.25.
The English Orphan, or a Home in the New World, by Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, author of Tempest and Sunshine, or Life in Kentucky. 75c.
Also, a new supply of Armageddon. F. A. CRUMP'S, 84 Fourth st., near Market.

The Temporal Power of the Pope.
THE TEMPORAL POWER OF THE POPE, containing the Speech of Hon. Joseph R. Chandler, with nine Letters stating the prevailing Roman Catholic Theory in the language of Papal writers, by John McClintock, D. D. Price 50 cts.
For sale by
Jy9 j6b
H. FERGUSON & SON, Third street, near Market.

Fresh Arrival—Plain and Fancy Zinc Toilet Ware.
We have just opened an invoice of rich and beautiful fancy Zinc Toilet Ware, plain and decorated patterns, which we will sell in sets or by the single piece to suit purchasers. Persons desiring a neat and durable article of the kind will please call and examine our stock.
Jy9 j6b
HOOG & LUCKETT, No. 461 Market street, between Third and Fourth, south side.

Black Lace Mantillas by Express.
MILLER & TABB, corner Fourth and Market streets, received this morning by express a handsome assortment of black Gimpure and Chantilly Lace Mantillas—styles new and desirable—to which we respectfully invite the attention of ladies.
Jy9 j6b
Corner Fourth and Market sts.

Knickerbocker for July.
KNICKERBOCKER Magazine for July received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
84 Fourth st., 4 doors from Market.

Harper for July.
HAS been received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
A. HAGAN & BRO., 99 Third st.

Knickerbocker for July.
RECEIVED and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
A. HAGAN & BRO., 99 Third st.

BUTTER AND EGGS
BE FOUND EVERY
and Wednesday A. M.
W. S. GROCERY,
Market and Third streets.

and Cannel Coal.
on hand, for the cash only when ordered.
Wall street, west side, near Main.
at the same price.
MILLER & McMICHAEL.

ENNEDY'S
Office,
street, between Fourth and Fifth,
in Hogan & Dulancy's building,
Downs's, Louisville, Ky.

AGENCY OF THE POLICE
The undersigned is prepared to furnish information regarding Life Insurance and Agency, and also to issue Policies and Factories, and on Stocks and Bonds in store or in course of transit. Flatboat, Railroad, or Sea-Vessel. Agents and their agents' names taken on file according to the usages and customs.

INSURANCE COMPANY,
TO, CANADA WEST.
and secured \$1,987,680 00
..... 126,955 43
..... 2,114,635 43

as collateral security at Louisville... 10,000 00
President, J. G. BOWEN, Vice President,
THOMAS G. O'BRIEN, Secretary.

AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.
OF TORONTO,
INCORPORATED IN 1832.
R. D. BOUT, Governor, J. W. BIRCHALL, Man'g Dirce.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PITTSBURG.
Authorized Capital \$300,000 00
Paid in 100,000 00
Surplus 21,000 00

Directors:
Wm. F. Johnston, Jacob Painter, James S. Negley,
A. A. Carriger, W. McClintock, D. E. Park,
Kennedy T. Friend, W. S. Haven, Wade Hampton,
I. Grier Spruill, George R. White, H. R. Cogshall,
A. J. Jones, H. R. Cogshall.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE, TRINITY BUILDING, 111 BROADWAY.
Net Cash Fund 1st Feb'y, 1855, \$2,850,077 56.
F. S. WINSTON, President. J. ABBATT, Secretary.
CHAS. GILL, Actuary. HENRY H. HYDE, Gen. Agt.

All the profits are divided among the policy-holders, and cash applied to the annual reduction of the premium or they can be compounded and added to the sum insured.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
THOMAS S. KENNEDY,
General Insurance Agent,
between Fourth and Fifth streets, Louisville, Ky.

Rich Fancy and Staple Dry Goods
Imported to this market expressly for the retail trade by
BENT & DUVAL.

We call the particular attention of strangers visiting our city, and also our own citizens, to the assortment of goods now in store, embracing all varieties in Ladies' Dress Goods—
Rich Grenadine Robes;
Rich Muslin do;
Rich Berge do;
Rich Organdie do;
Black and colored Silk Robes, &c.

EMBROIDERIES.
From the celebrated manufacturer of Madame Chegar, Paris: Cambric Embroidered Skirts; Muslin do do; Do do Collars; Do do Chemisettes, Point de Venise do; Do do Sleeves, do do; Rich Collarettes, Honiton, &c.

YANTLES.
Real Gimpure and Brussels Lace; Rich Silk Mantles, new style; Rich Moir Antique, do do; Rich Silk Lace inserted, new style; Rich Silk Embroidered, do do.

PARASOLS.
New style steel handles, in all colors, moir antique and plain black; figured Silk Parasols.
HOSIERY.
Thread and Silk Hosiery, in French and English, for summer wear.

With a variety of all other descriptions of goods usually found in a regular retail Dry Goods house. We warrant our goods to be of THE VERY BEST FABRICS. Should they prove otherwise, the purchaser has the liberty to return them. All of which we offer at greatly reduced prices, and at our price only. BENT & DUVAL, 57 Main st., opposite Bank of Kentucky.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS can purchase of POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH Panama, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats at cost for cash.
Jy9 j6b
POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st.

WHITE BEAVER HATS.—We have ready for our sales to-day an extra fine article of White Beaver Hats.
Jy9 j6b
POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st.

TRAVELING HATS.—We have just received a large supply of new styles of Traveling and Business Hats.
Jy9 j6b
POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH.

HATS, CAPS, AND STRAW GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH.
We are selling our stock of Hats, Caps, and Straw Goods cheaper than any house in the Union.
Jy9 j6b
POLLARD, PRATHER, & SMITH, 455 Main st.

Harper for July.
HARPER'S Magazine for July received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
84 Fourth st., near Market.

New Books and New Supplies.
SCENES Beyond the Grave, a Trance of Marcella Davis, from notes, by Rev. J. L. Scott. To the cause of truth and righteousness this volume is sincerely dedicated. Price 75c. Paper from a Belfry, or the Parish Sketch-Book, by Rev. W. Shelton. Price \$1.
Star Papers, or Experiences of Art and Nature, by Henry Ward Beecher. Price \$1.25.
A School of Life, by Anna Mary Howitt. Price 75c.
The New Pastoral, by Thomas Buchanan Reid. \$1.
Full Proof of the Ministry, by John N. Norton. Price 75c.
Tales for the Marines, by Harry Gringo. Price \$1.25.
Received and for sale wholesale or retail by
Jy9 j6b
84 Fourth street, near Market.

New Church Book.
REVENINGS WITH THE ROMANISTS, by Rev. M. Herbert Seymour, author of Mornings with the Jesuits. Price 75c. Just received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
S. RINGGOLD.

To the Ladies.
Oh, there is a pleasure in selling To ladies who wish to buy; But others say there is no selling How to suit both the mind and the eye.

Some have dirty stores, and their cases Would soil any nice lady's glove, And I am not surprised that grimaces Are used by those ladies who love

To see the nice cases and covers To books, which are fatal to their kind, With neat little pens and pen-holders And note paper doubly refined.

At A. Hagan's you should call for these, On Third street, near the Post-office place, For Adam's pen, and will please Every lady of beauty or grace.
Jy9 j6b
A. HAGAN & BRO., 99 Third st., near Post-office.

New Books.
THE Ins and Outs of Paris, or Paris by Day and Night, by Julie De Marguerites. Price \$1.25.
The Modern British Essayist, by T. B. Macaulay. Price \$2.
Susan the Fisherman's Daughter, or Getting Along; a book of Illustrations. "Know thyself." By Caroline Chesbro. Price \$1.25.
Received and for sale by
Jy9 j6b
84 Fourth street, near Market.

Harper for July.
JULY number of Harper just received by
Jy9 j6b
S. RINGGOLD.

Fresh Arrival—Oval Iron-Stone China.
We have just received per steamboat Alvin Adams an invoice of oval Dining and Tea Ware, a direct importation from the Staffordshire potteries, England. These goods are desirable, well gotten up, and of beautiful design, and cannot fail to please the eye. Purchasers wanting a neat and cheap article of this kind should call and examine this Ware before making purchases elsewhere. We can make it to their advantage to do so, as we are now importing direct from the manufacturer. Give us a call.
Jy9 j6b
HOOG & LUCKETT, No. 461 Market street, between Third and Fourth, south side.

EVENING BULLETIN.

CHOLERA IN EDDYVILLE.—A steamboat, which arrived at Nashville on Thursday, reports as follows:

As we passed Eddyville there appeared to be a stampede among the citizens, owing to the prevalence of the cholera among them—there having been seven deaths from Friday until Monday. And all those who could leave were doing so.

CHICAGO, July 5.

Mr. S. M. Brooks, the aeronaut, made a balloon excursion here yesterday. An immense crowd witnessed the performance. The balloon ascended a considerable distance, and was carried in a southwesterly direction, when it descended. When near the ground, it was harried by the wind against the St. Louis and Rock Island telegraph wires. The force of the collision broke both wires and cut the car from the balloon. The latter rose quickly out of sight. The aeronaut returned to the city with very slight injury.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.

Flour a little firmer. We quote \$3 25@\$3 50. Sales of 400 sacks corn at 70¢ and 370 sacks shelled at 75¢@80¢. Small sales hay at \$20 per ton.
 In groceries, sales 125 bags coffee at 11¢@11½¢, 58 hds sugar at 64¢@67¢, 3 hds Havana at 84¢, 80 hds molasses at 34¢@35¢, and 5 tons rice at 12¢@12½¢.
 Sales of 1,000 hds mess pork at \$16 75, 10,000 lbs clear sides at 10¢ loose, and 30,000 lbs bacon from wagons at 7½¢ for shoulders, 8½¢ for ribbed sides, 9½¢ for clear sides, and 9¢ for hams.
 Sales of 16 hds tobacco—9 at \$5 40@\$5 55, 3 at \$6 60@\$7, and 4 at \$7 40, \$7 50, \$8 30, and \$8 45. Sales of the week 158 hds.
 Sales 150 lbs bagging at 13¢@14¢, and 150 coils rope at 7¢; also, 4 tons dew-rotted hemp at \$120 per ton.
 Sales of 108 hds raw whiffy at 31¢.
 Sales of 500 hds Kanawha salt at 45¢, and 100 hds alum at the same.
 Sales of 30 hds M. R. raisins at \$2 75@\$3, and 20 bxs oranges at \$3@\$4 50.
 Sales of 30 hds Indiana cheese at 8¢.
 A sale of 200 tons Belmont iron on p. t.

CINCINNATI, July 7, P. M.

Flour is dull notwithstanding the light night, and does not average 200 hds a day in the retail way, and 300 hds sold at \$3 45@\$3 50. Corn is dull at 70¢. Oats arrive sparingly and are saleable at 42¢. The millers are not offering over \$1 for new wheat in future delivery. Provisions are very dull—mess pork, packed at Louisville, is offered at \$17 50 without finding buyers; bacon sells in a small way at previous rates. A sale of 75 hds spirits turpentine at 45¢—this is a decline, with a large stock. Sugar and molasses are firm.

NEW YORK, July 7, P. M.

Cotton has declined ¼d under the steamers' news, with sales 800 bales. Flour has advanced 1¢, and is maintained—sales of 7,000 hds—State brands \$8 75@\$8 25; Southern steady, with sales 500 hds at \$11. The wheat market is firm, with sales of 11,000 bushels Western white at \$2 42. Corn firm, with sales 80,000 bushels at \$9 25@\$9 30 for August. Pork firm, with sales 1,200 hds at \$19 37½@\$19 50. Beef unchanged, sales of 250 hds at \$16. Lard dull—sales 275 hds at 11¢. Whisky is dropping, with sales at 40¢@41¢. Coffee firm—sales 500 bags Rio coffee at 10¢. Sugar is steady. Molasses is active—sales 800 hds Orleans at 13¢. Iron firm. Tobacco firm.
 Stocks unchanged—Vernonia 50, Cumberland 30½, Illinois Central 98, N. Y. Central 101½, Erie 52, Reading 95½, Galena and Chicago 109½.

[Reported expressly for the N. Y. Tribune by Solon Robinson.]

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET, July 3.

Current Prices of the Week.
 Beef—These are sold by the head at a price equal to the value per pound of the estimated weight of beef in the quarters. The hide and tallow or "fifth quarter" is not counted in this market as it is in Boston.
 The prices to-day 8½ will average about 10½¢.
 First quality 11¢@11½¢; extra good cattle 12¢ and over, poorest 9½¢@10¢.
 But few sales over 12 and under 10¢.
 Prices of Veal Calves—Calves are usually sold through the year 4 to 7½¢ lb. live weight, except those from one to six days old, known as "kittens," which bring \$1 25 to \$3¢@4¢ each. In autumn a good many "grass calves," 4 to 6 months old, sell for \$3¢@3½¢ each. A good fat veal sells often as high as \$20@\$30.
 Milk cows—The price of cows depends as much upon fancy as the price of hogs.
 Ordinary Cows, \$25@\$30; good fair cows \$35@\$40; quality, with calf, \$45@\$50.
 Sheep and Lambs—Common sheep \$2@\$5, extra sheep \$6@\$8, lambs \$2@\$5.
 Swine—Western Hogs, corn-fed, large, first quality, 8½¢@8½¢ dead weight; 6½¢@6½¢ live weight, small size, do., 7½¢@8½¢; dead weight, 5½¢@5½¢ live weight; Western small fat, none; Western still-fed, none; New York State still-fed, dead weight, 8¢@8½¢; live weight, 6½¢@6½¢; New York State, small size, prime for market retailing, 7½¢@7½¢ dead weight, 6½¢@6½¢ live weight.
 Beef Cattle—The number at market to-day is 1,721 head, which is 500 decrease on the average, which was 2,227 for each market-day last year, and 105 increase upon the number sold last Wednesday.
 There was a successful attempt to-day to give the prices of cattle another lift upward, and all the sales of the forenoon warrant us in fixing it at an advance upon last week of full half a cent on the average; but when compared with the quality of cattle it is not much, because the stock is generally better. The asking price however is certainly higher, but we do not collect over to have seen a more dull forenoon.
 More than half the cattle in market to-day are from Illinois, and most of them are in good condition. We make a few memoranda of sales.
 There are some very good cattle from Indiana. One drove of 165 head from Rich county, owned by J. Lott, are good average quality and 6½¢@6½¢ live weight. The live weight at home was 1,330 lbs. The drove will average 1½¢ head 7½¢ and range 12 to 16¢@12¢. They are common and 10¢@10¢ stock, and look as though they had been well handled. They were fed by Jacob Danenbeck, to whom we award a premium upon this his first drove in this market of this honorable mention. One pair at \$230 and twenty at \$55 sold to George Haves, he says, at 12¢ a pound.
 75 head from White county, Ind., owned by Case & Hewlett, are good average quality, and average 1½¢ live weight, and will average 1½¢ head 80¢ or 11¢@11¢. This drove are common stock 4 and 5 year old, of same character as a lot by same owners last week.
 Henry Eckstine sold 52 head of Indiana cattle at Browning's during the week at an average of \$10 a cow.

CINCINNATI, July 7, P. M.

The river is falling slowly. Weather warm and cloudy.
PITTSBURGH, July 7, P. M.
 There is 4 feet 4 inches water in the channel and falling. The weather is clear and cool.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS.

Jacob Strader, Cincinnati.
 Belle Quigley, Cline, Carrollton.
 Fawn, Buncle, Cumberland river.
 Gazel, Shuman, Pittsburg.

DEPARTURES.

Jacob Strader, Summons, Cincinnati.
 Belle Quigley, Cline, Carrollton.
 Baltimore, St. Louis.
 Gazel, Shuman, St. Louis.
 Belle Sheridan, Devol, New Orleans.

ARRIVALS.

Telegraph No. 3, Rogers, Cincinnati.
 Empire City, St. Louis.
 Clara Dean, Dean, Pittsburg.
 Fanny Fern, Pittsburg.
 Return, Nashville.
 J. C. Fremont, Stockdale, Pittsburg.
 Northerner, Fuller, St. Louis.
 Rainbow, Holcroft, Henderson.

DEPARTURES.

Telegraph No. 3, Rogers, Cincinnati.
 Empire City, Pittsburg.
 Victoria, Haves, New Orleans.
 Return, Cincinnati.
 Fanny Fern, St. Louis.
 J. C. Fremont, Stockdale, St. Louis.

RECEIPTS.

Per Telegraph No 3 from Cincinnati: 1 bale, 1 lotte, Miller, W. & Co; 1 bbl wheels, 270 pps, 3 bbls casing, 20 bbls, 1 by do, 2 bbls, 1 by Buchanan & Co; 3 bxs, P. A. Rahly; 1 csk, McBridge; 1 do, Casceday & H; 2 rls carpet, Hile & S; 62 shs boiler iron, Belknap & Co; 3 bxs, Von Borries & Co; 12 do, 6 bbls jeans, Low & Co; 2 pianos, D. P. Fancis; 1 bxs, 7 bbls, A. J. Morrison; 1 box, Card & Co; 18 chairs, 5 standards, 1 bedstead, 1 box, Hogan, E. & M. do, Bach & H, 1 case, Baerger.
 Journal office: 2 bbls oil, 1 S. H. Standish; 19 bxs, 2 casks, Lewis & W; 1 bxs, W. H. Bulkley; 11 shs hair, J. Cromey; 26 bxs soap, C. Meyer; 1 bxs, H. B. Baker; 1 bbl saws, A. C. Menard; 2 shls, 1 bxs, T. Coak; 50 bbls, 2 bbls, 4 do, 4 bws, 8 do shafte, 5 do poles, owner.
 Per Clara Dean from Pittsburg: 316 pos iron, 430 kgs nails, 200 shls iron, Wright & B; 109 kgs nails, Curd & Co; 1,354 pos nails, Dupont; 750 kgs nails, 79 bbls cheese, 10 bbls, J. F. Howard; 70 hds boxes glass, 10 bbls, Lindenberger & Co; 243 kgs nails, Terry, O. & Co; 255 do do, Murrell & T; 1,007 pgs mules, sundry contractors.

Per Northerner from St. Louis: 45 hals hemp, T. Y. Brest; 8 bbls flour, Galt House; 4 pgs, S. A. Jones.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS.

July 7.—Per Louisville and Frankfort Railroad: 30 bbls paper, Dupont; 2 bbls wags, Calagher; 13 slather, W. H. Stokes; 61 kgs wheat, Smith & Co, etc.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 5th, 1855.

Present—E. D. Weatherford, President, and all the members.

A message was read from Mayor Barbee, stating that a majority of 973 votes had been cast at the late election in favor of the ordinance to approve and confirm the purchase of the property known as Strader and Thompson's wharf, and that also Duval received a majority of 1,897 votes for the office of City Treasurer, which was referred to the Committee on Elections, and after examination Ald. Burton reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved by the General Council, That the Mayor's message on the election returns for the votes cast in favor of approving the purchase of Strader and Thompson's wharf be entered of record, as the action of said Council thereon, and that certificate of election be awarded to Alex. Duval as City Treasurer, elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Henry S. Blair.

A message was read from Mayor Barbee, asking the General Council to reconsider the ordinance passed at last session regulating the levy of city taxes for the year ending March 9th, 1856, prescribing the duties of Collectors and framing their compensation, and amend the same so as to allow the Collectors to levy on and sell the personal property of tenants for nonresident owners, as required by article VI., Sec. 16 of the City Charter, which was referred to Revision Committee.

A petition was read from James I. Dozier, Esq., asking the Council to remove sundry nuisances in the Court-house, which was referred to the Committee on Police.

A message was read from Mayor Barbee, transmitting a report from R. J. Elliott, City Attorney, on the subject of the indictments in the Police Court against persons for selling liquor without license, which was referred to Revision Committee, and after examination Alderman Harris, from said committee, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved by the General Council, That the City Attorney be, and he is hereby directed, to prosecute without further delay all cases now or which may hereafter be pending before the City Court for selling liquor without license.

A report was presented from the Superintendent of the Louisville Marine Hospital, showing the amount of expense incurred at said institution in the month of June, which was referred to Hospital Committee.

A report was read from W. Richardson, Superintendent at the Beargrass Cut-off, and referred to the Committee on Public Works.

A petition was read from Peter Pfeiffer and seven other owners of lots, asking the Council to have the alley between Washington and Franklin and Campbell and Wenzel streets graded and paved, which was referred to Street Committee, Eastern District.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

W. N. Haldeman \$276 08 for public printing; Geo. W. Hunt \$28 12; John M. Read \$2 70; John Bauman \$29 37; Ph. Kuh \$26 87, for work at the Southern Cemetery; H. Kinderman \$30 75 for corn, &c., furnished same; T. C. Pomeroy \$1 00 for Portland claim; J. Bailey \$2 00 for sheriff of election; H. H. Higdon \$27 for repairing boarder pavements; same \$22 for repairing main street at the corner of Eleventh; H. Shuckman \$7 50 for burying paupers; Vincent & Straby \$28 98 for stone work on inlets to Tenth street sewer; John Timmons \$51 for repairs on the Union Engine; John Briggs \$75 for work on same; \$879 59 to pay hands at Beargrass Cut-off.

Alderman Kaye, from Finance Committee, reported a resolution from the Common Council allowing W. H. Bowser \$42, for rent of room occupied by the Sealer of Weights and Measures, which was rejected.

Alderman Kaye, by leave, introduced a resolution in regard to the collection of railroad taxes the present year, which was read and laid over.

Alderman Weatherford, from Street Committee, Eastern District, reported a resolution from the Common Council making and allowing the street hands, in the Eastern District, the amounts due, which was adopted.

Alderman Weatherford, from same, reported a resolution from the Common Council approving the apportionment for digging and walling a cistern at the intersection of Jefferson and Wenzel streets, John Kochler, contractor.

Also, the apportionment for a cistern at the intersection of Lafayette and Floyd sts., Speed & Rousseau contractors.

Also, the apportionment for a cistern at the intersection of Guthrie and Second streets, which were severally read and adopted.

Alderman Weatherford, by leave, presented a claim in favor of P. Haffler, for digging and walling a well at the intersection of Chestnut and Hancock streets, amounting to \$160, which was referred to Street Committee, Eastern District.

On motion of Alderman Weatherford the Street Committee, Eastern District, was discharged from the further consideration of a message from Mayor Barbee, in regard to repairing Main street.

Alderman Howard, from Street Committee, Western District, reported an ordinance to grade and pave the sidewalks on Broadway, between Third and Fourth streets. Second reading thereof being dispensed with, it was passed—yeas, 8.

Alderman Howard, from same, reported an ordinance to grade and pave the sidewalks on the north side of Broadway, between Fourth and Fifth. Second reading thereof being dispensed with, same was passed—yeas, 8.

Alderman Howard, from same, reported a resolution from the Common Council directing the Engineer to give the grade for the sidewalks at the north-west corner of Walnut and Sixth streets, and on the north side of Broadway between Sixth and Seventh, which was adopted.

Alderman Howard, from same, to whom was referred a petition from Joseph T. Tunstall, reported a resolution directing the Engineer to give the grade and locate High street from Bridge to its western terminus, and Eleventh and Second streets, in Breckinridge and Fitzhugh's altered plan of Eastern Portland, which was adopted.

Alderman Howard, from same, reported a Common Council resolution approving the apportionment for grading and paving the sidewalks on Main street between Eleventh and Twelfth, W. H. Hazard, contractor, which was adopted.

Alderman Kaye, from Wharf Committee, made report in favor of authorizing the Wharf-master to fill up a roadway, from Fulton street to the water's edge on the city lot near Clay street, which was concurred in and adopted.

Alderman Grainger, by leave, introduced the following resolution:

Resolved by the General Council That license be granted to Nancy Vacaro and to Michael Keat (each) keep a tavern, in obedience to the judgment of the Judge of the Jefferson Circuit Court.

Alderman Taylor called for a division of the question, and the vote was accordingly taken first, on granting tavern license to Michael Keat, and the same was decided in the negative, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Taylor, Burton, Grainger and Howard, 4.

Nays—Mr. President Weatherford and Messrs. Harris, Douglass and Kaye, 4.

The question was then taken on granting tavern license to Nancy Vacaro, and the same was rejected on a tie vote, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Taylor, Burton, Grainger and Howard, 4.

Nays—Mr. President Weatherford and Messrs. Harris, Douglass and Kaye, 4.

On motion of Alderman Grainger the Committee on Public Works was discharged from the further consideration of a communication from the Mayor in regard to repairs on Second street-bridge.

Alderman Douglass, by leave, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the City Engineer is hereby requested to obtain and communicate to the General Council at its next regular session the information called for by resolution of the General Council of March 24th in reference to the extension of York and Maple street to Second street, for the purpose of grading and paving a concave street thereon at the earliest day practicable.

Alderman Douglass by leave introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved by the General Council, That the City Engineer be requested to examine the excavation made by Davis for a cistern on Fourth street, between Chestnut and Broadway, and require him to complete the same forthwith, or if that be impracticable to fill it up, and he refuses or neglects to fill the same forthwith, when required to do so, the Engineer shall direct the same to be done by the Street Inspector, at the expense of the contractor and his surety.

Alderman Burton, from Committee on Fire Department, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved by the General Council, That the lot at the corner of the alley, between Sixth and Seventh, Market and Jefferson streets, fronting on Sixth street, be set apart as a location for the steam fire engine.

Alderman Burton, from same, reported a resolution from the Common Council, directing the Mayor to procure the necessary plans and specifications for a house suitable for the steam fire engine, which was adopted.

Alderman Burton, from same, reported against a resolution from the Common Council, allowing Towley \$135 for painting Union engine, and same was rejected.

Alderman Burton by leave presented a report from Jacob Friddle, Market Master, for houses Nos. 3 and 4, showing \$503 10 collected first quarter for stall rents, which was filed.

Alderman Taylor, from Hospital Committee, reported an ordinance from the Common Council defining the duties of the Superintendent of the Hospital, which was read.

Alderman Weatherford introduced a substitute for same, which was rejected by the following vote:

Yeas—Mr. President Weatherford and Mr. Kaye—2.

Nays—Messrs. Taylor, Burton, Harris, Douglass, Grainger and Howard—6.

The question was then taken on the passage of the original ordinance, and same was rejected by the following vote:

Yeas—Mr. President Weatherford and Mr. Kaye—2.

Nays—Messrs. Taylor, Burton, Harris, Douglass, Grainger and Howard—6.

Alderman Kaye by leave presented a claim of \$33 in favor of A. J. Fielder for services as Assistant Engineer, which was referred to the Committee on Public Works.

Alderman Howard by leave introduced a resolution from the Common Council approving the apportionment for grading and bouldering High street, from Thirteenth to Fourteenth, B. McAtee contractor, which was adopted.

Resolutions from the Common Council allowing M. Aikin \$22 14 and \$36 50 for medicines furnished Alms-house, were referred to Alms-house Committee.

Ordinances from same to grade and pave the sidewalks on the north side of Main street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, and on Main street, from Twelfth to Fourteenth, were read and referred to Street Committee, Western District.

Resolutions from same approving the apportionments for grading and paving the sidewalks on Market street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth; also on Jefferson, between Ninth and Tenth, W. H. Hazard contractor, were referred to Street Committee of the Western District.

A resolution from same, approving the apportionment for digging and walling a cistern at the intersection of Seventh and Broadway streets, Peter Haffler contractor, was referred to Street Committee of Western District.

A resolution from same, directing the Street Inspector of the Eastern District to construct a wooden box, sufficient to conduct the drainage from Campbell street to the creek; also approving the apportionment for grading and paving the sidewalks on Main street, from Campbell to Wenzel street, and on Market street, from Campbell and Shelby to Campbell street, G. S. Jones & Son contractors, were read and referred to Street Committee of the Eastern District.

An ordinance from the same, providing for the erection of two Station-houses in the city of Louisville for police purposes, was read and referred to Police Committee.

A resolution from same, to repair the Cabel-street bridge at a cost not to exceed \$400, was referred to Committee on Public Works.

A resolution from same allowing Thos. Overstreet \$375 for this year's rent of rooms over Crystal Palace, was referred to Finance Committee.

A resolution from same authorizing the Mayor to suspend the work of bouldering on High street, was referred to Street Committee, Western District.

A resolution from same making an allowance to the Police for extra services last year, being a substitute for a resolution of this board, was referred to Police Committee.

A resolution from same authorizing the Keeper of the Work-house to collect \$200 from M. McClehan for keeping negro man in the Work-house, was referred to the Work-house Committee.

A resolution from same allowing P. Ottman to transfer stall 28, in the Falls City Market, to F. Leib, was referred to Sinking Fund Committee.

An ordinance from same for the purpose of electing delegates to frame a new Charter for the city of Louisville, was read and referred to Revision Committee.

The bond of Alex. Duval, City Treasurer, was referred to Election Committee.

A resolution from same to adjourn until Saturday, the 7th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M., was amended by striking out Saturday the 7th, and inserting in lieu Thursday the 12th, and adopted as amended.

On motion the board adjourned.

O. H. STRATTAN, Clerk.

Leslie's Fashions for June.

FRANK LESLIE'S LADIES' GAZETTE OF PARIS, LONDON, and New York Fashions for June received and for sale by

S. RINGGOLD, 66 Fourth st., near Main.

WAITERS—We are just in receipt of an additional supply of Waiters, in sets or by the single one, to suit proprietors. Call and examine.

HOOE & LUCKETT, 461 Market street, between Third and Fourth, near Fourth.

BOARD COMMON COUNCIL.

FRIDAY, July 6, 1855.

Present—all the members, except Messrs. Reasor and Plummer.

The reading of the journal of the last session was dispensed with.

Resolutions from the Board of Aldermen, allowing the following claims, were concurred in and adopted:

T. C. Pomeroy, \$1 scrip of the town of Portland.
 W. Bailey, \$2 for services as sheriff at election.

H. H. Higdon, \$27 for repairing Main street.
 Vincent & Straby, \$28 98.

W. H. Curry, \$15—bridge at southern ditch.
 Resolutions from same, allowing the following claims, were rejected:

J. B. Ehrich, \$3 for expense incurred in paying off Beargrass hands.
 Townley, \$135 for painting the Union engine.
 W. H. Bowser, \$42 for rent.

The following ordinances from this Board were returned rejected by the Board of Aldermen:

An ordinance defining the duties of the superintendent of the hospital.

An ordinance in relation to the collection of city taxes for the year 1855.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen, requesting the engineer to examine the excavation of a cistern made by Geo. W. Davis on Fourth street, between Chestnut and Broadway, and require him to complete the same forthwith, or if that be impracticable, to fill it up, or have it done at the cost of said Davis, was concurred in and adopted.

A resolution from same, requesting the engineer to communicate to the Council the information called for by resolution of March 24 in relation to the extension of York and Maple streets to Second cross street, was concurred in and adopted.

The petition of Jos. T. Tunstall was received from the Board of Aldermen, together with a resolution directing the engineer to locate and give the grade of High street, from Bridge street to its western terminus, which resolution was concurred in and adopted.

A resolution from same, allowing hands at Beargrass cut-off \$879 59 pay for one week, ending the 23d of June, was concurred in and adopted.

A resolution from same, directing the city attorney to prosecute without delay all present cases in the city court, was referred to the Revision Committee.

A resolution from same, allowing W. N. Haldeman \$276 08 for printing, was referred to the Committee on Printing.

A petition from sundry citizens, together with a resolution from the Board of Aldermen to construct a fill at the water's edge at the ferry-boat crossing from the Kentucky shore to Jeffersonville, was referred to the Street Committee of the Eastern District.

A resolution from the same, approving the apportionment of sidewalks on Main street, from Eleventh to Twelfth, W. H. Hazard, contractor, was concurred in and adopted.

A resolution from the same, "that the lot at the corner of the alley, between Sixth and Seventh and Market and Jefferson streets, fronting on Sixth street, be set apart as a location for the steam fire engine," was concurred in and adopted.